

Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar Open University
Term End Examination December – 2019

Course	: FYBA	Date	: 28/12//2019
Subject Code	: ENGM-01	Time	: 11:00am to 02:00pm
Subject Name	: Main Paper - 01 (English - Language through Literature)	Duration	: 3 Hours
		Max. Marks	: 70

Q-1 Read the following poem and answers the questions that follows.

12

Two roads diverged in a yellow wood,
And sorry I could not travel both
And be one traveler, long I stood
And looked down one as far as I could
To where it bent in the undergrowth;

Then took the other, as just as fair,
And having perhaps the better claim,
Because it was grassy and wanted wear;
Though as for that the passing there
Had worn them really about the same,

And both that morning equally lay
In leaves no step had trodden black.
Oh, I kept the first for another day!
Yet knowing how way leads on to way,
I doubted if I should ever come back.

I shall be telling this with a sigh
Somewhere ages and ages hence:
Two roads diverged in a wood, and I
I took the one less traveled by,
And that has made all the difference.

Questions:

1. What is the initial conflict of the poem?
2. Describe the setting of the poem.
3. How does the traveller come to a decision about what to do?
4. What do the two roads symbolize?
5. How vital a role does nature play in the poem?
6. Explain what the speaker means by “somewhere ages and ages hence”.

OR

Fill in the blanks with appropriate form of the verb given into the brackets.

1. By the next June, we _____(shift) to Bombay
2. Before her husband came, Mina _____(complete) her cooking.
3. Rupal always _____ her Kinetic cautiously. (drive)
4. The child _____ to cry while her mother was shopping. (begin)
5. The doorbell _____ for the past one hour. (ring)
6. Nigam’s teachers _____ his work given to him just now. (admire)
7. He _____ in examination because he did not work hard. (fail)
8. While I _____ (cross) the road, my cap blew off.
9. Look, the smoke _____ (come) out of the window.
10. The police _____ the murderer yet. (not + find)

11. He _____ (learn) his lessons every day.
12. It rains in the monsoon, it _____ (rain) now.

Q-2 (A) Fill in the blanks with appropriate prepositions **12**

1. He is ignorant _____ what he pretends to know.
2. They will start the work _____ six o'clock.
3. Only graduates are eligible _____ this post.
4. We have five fingers _____ each hand.
5. He was killed by a robber _____ a hatchet.
6. Madukar has grown so dependent _____ his parents.

(B) Fill in the blanks with appropriate articles 'a', 'an' or 'the'

1. Shreya is _____ innocent girl.
2. _____ stitch in time saves nine.
3. He is _____ best student in the class.
4. She came _____ hour late.
5. Painting is _____ fine art.
6. Every cloud has _____ silver lining.

OR

Correct the following sentences :

1. We Wish we had too much money
2. He dose not know nothing about football.
3. I prefer tea more than coffee.
4. This food is indelible.
5. She will not marry you unless you don't stop drinking.
6. One son of his has joined the Army.

Q-3 State the communicative function in each of the following sentences : **12**

1. Will you please stop shouting?
2. How sweet the moonlight sleeps upon the bank!
3. Mary hates poodles.
4. What an awful dog that is!
5. The Pakistani Singer will be charged under the Customs Act.
6. Will no one tell me what she sings?

OR

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it

Machines were made to be man's servants. Yet he has grown so dependent on them that they have, to a great extent. Become his masters. Already many men spend a good deal of their time in looking after and waiting upon machines. And the machines are very strict masters. If they do not get their meals, they refuse to work or may burst with anger, spreading ruin and destruction all round them. A lot of our time and energy are saved by machines. We should use this time and energy in being civilized. Being civilized means making and liking beautiful things, thinking freely, living rightly and being fair to all. If we use more time and energy in being civilized, our civilization would be the greatest.

Questions :

1. Why were machines made?
2. How have machines become our masters?
3. What is the chief benefit of machines?
4. What is meant by being civilized?
5. How would our civilization be the greatest?
6. Use these words in your own sentences: (a) burst (b) ruin

Q-4 Identify and explain the figures of speech in the following sentences:- **12**

1. Man proposes, God disposes.
2. Life is as tedious as a twice-told tale.
3. Variety is the spice of life.
4. O Solitude! Where are the charms that sages have seen in thy face?
5. Death lays his icy hands on kings.
6. Here is the smell of blood still; all the perfumes of Arabia will not sweeten this little hand.

OR

Use the following words in sentences, as directed:

1. part (as verb)
2. alert (as adjective)
3. run (as noun)
4. good (as adverb)
5. first (as adverb)
6. absent (as verb)

Q-5 Write short notes on any two of the following.

12

1. Metaphor and Simile
2. Irony
3. Idioms and proverbs
4. Homonyms and Homophones
5. Difference between Formal and Informal Language

Q-6 Identify the correct option in the following sentences:

10

1. Swine flue has _____ in several parts of the world.
(a) Break up (b) Break in (c) Break out (d) Break off
2. Old soldiers never die, they simply _____.
(a) Pass out (b) Break down (c) Work out (d) Fade away
3. The police combed the forest for the missing boy.
(a) Literal sense (b) Extension of meaning
(c) Multiple sense (d) None
4. Identify the figure of speech: Dravid is the wall of Indian batting.
(a) Simile (b) Metaphor (c) Metonymy (d) Personification
5. The priest went to _____ prison to preach.
(a) An (b) A (c) The (d) None
6. I have been waiting here _____ a long time.
(a) since (b) during (c) For (d) till
7. He recognized me only after I _____ to him. (speak)
(a) Spoke (b) was speaking (c) Spoken (d) Had spoken
8. I was afraid that if I asked him again he _____ refuse.
(a) can (b) may (c) might (d) shall
9. Simile _____
(a) shows similarities between two different things
(b) Is an implicit, implied or hidden comparison between two things that are unrelated
(c) Involves an exaggeration of ideas for the sake of emphasis
(d) Two opposite ideas are put together in a sentence to achieve a contrasting effect.
10. Parents take _____ in the success of their children.
(a) Strength (b) Vanity (c) Pride (d) Courage
